ASV®

Adaptive Support Ventilation
We live for ventilation technology

We live for ventilation technology that helps caregivers improve the lives of their critically ill patients. We believe that innovation is essential to meet the demands of critical care. To us, innovation is about realizing visionary new ideas and continuously improving existing products, always keeping patient safety and ease of use in focus.

We learn from our customers and from multi-disciplinary experts. And we invest in long-term research and development. We develop Intelligent Ventilation solutions: devices and consumables for the ventilation of all critically ill patients – from neonates to adults.

Jens Hallek
President

Bob Hamilton
Member of the board

ASV - Adaptive Support Ventilation
What is ASV?

Ventilation adapted to the patient
Hamilton Medical developed the Intelligent Ventilation mode Adaptive Support Ventilation® (ASV) to make mechanical ventilation easier to use for the caregiver, and at the same time safer and more comfortable for the patient. Therefore, ASV employs lung-protective strategies and adjusts ventilation automatically – breath by breath, 24 hours a day, from intubation to extubation. ASV also encourages the patient to breathe spontaneously, thereby promoting early extubation.

✓ Increase the comfort and safety of your patients
✓ Make life easier for the caregivers
✓ Increase the efficiency of your ICU

The highest-ranking ventilation mode
ASV is a well-established mode in critical care since 1998 and has become a standard mode in many hospitals around the world. A recent publication named ASV and the next generation INTELLiVENT-ASV as the highest-ranking ventilation modes on the market, based on technological capabilities related to the goal of patient safety, comfort, and liberation.1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Criteria</th>
<th>INTELLiVENT-ASV</th>
<th>ASV</th>
<th>Smart-Care®</th>
<th>Auto-mode</th>
<th>NAVA®</th>
<th>PAV</th>
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One mode from intubation to extubation

Only three major controls

In conventional ventilation modes, the clinician sets ventilator controls such as tidal volume, pressure, respiratory rate, and expiratory and inspiratory time to achieve clinical targets, including a certain level of alveolar ventilation and oxygenation for the patient depending on the patient’s activity. ASV makes ventilation easier by providing one mode for both active and passive intubated patients, and only three parameters to control ventilation as well as oxygenation.
How ASV works

**Setting the target**
Conventional ventilators are set manually and need constant assessment by the clinician. ASV automates this process, making it the world’s first Intelligent Ventilation mode.

The clinician sets the target minute volume and the ventilator determines the combination of tidal volume and respiratory rate according to the respiratory mechanics of the patient.

**ASV in passive patients**
In passive patients, ASV is a volume-targeted pressure-controlled mode with automatic adjustment of inspiratory pressure, respiratory rate, and inspiratory/expiratory time ratio.

Maximum tidal volume is controlled by setting a maximum inspiratory pressure. Expiratory time is determined according to the expiratory time constant to prevent dynamic hyperinflation.

**ASV in active patients**
In spontaneously breathing patients, ASV is a volume-targeted pressure support mode with automatic adjustment of pressure support according to the spontaneous respiratory rate.

The automatic decrease of pressure support, when the patients recover their inspiratory strength, is very useful for weaning. ASV can also be used to perform a weaning trial before extubation.
Ease of use

One mode for all
ASV can be used for almost all of your adult and pediatric intubated patients, including post-operative, COPD, and ARDS patients.\textsuperscript{2,3,4,5} It supports both active and passive patients, and automatically adjusts the level of support needed.

Visual decision support
Hamilton Medical’s graphical user interface is recognized as one of the best in the field.\textsuperscript{7} It gives clinicians an instant overview of critical parameters and patient status, providing valuable aid to clinical judgment.

Provide patient-centered care with fewer resources
ASV automatically and continuously adjusts respiratory rate, tidal volume, and inspiratory time depending on the patient’s lung mechanics and effort. This eliminates the need for separate modes for passive and active patients, and reduces the number of controls that need to be set. Studies have shown that ASV requires fewer manipulations and generates fewer alarms than conventional modes.\textsuperscript{2,3,6} This helps to shorten training periods and to decrease the workload for the clinical staff.

What ASV does for us as therapists is it allows us to make sure that we are crafting the breath in the absolutely best possible way for that patient at that time.

Craig Jolly, RRT, Adult Clinical Education Coordinator
University Medical Center, Lubbock (TX), USA

Four steps - as simple as that

Step 1: Set patient height and gender
First you set the gender and height of the patient. The ventilator will then calculate the patient’s ideal body weight.

Step 2: Set the target minute volume
Determine the target minute volume in terms of percentage of normal minute volume. ASV sets a default target minute volume of 100%.

This equals a normal minute ventilation of 100 ml per kg per minute in adults and up to 300 ml per kg per minute in children. Depending on patient conditions, a higher minute volume might be necessary to reach an appropriate CO2 level.

Step 3: Set oxygenation controls
Set PEEP and Oxygen values to provide appropriate oxygenation.

Step 4: Set controls for synchronization and lung protection
Define the values for pressure ramp, trigger, expiratory trigger, and maximum pressure limit. You can then start the ventilation.
Lung-protective ventilation

Guiding the patient toward the target
ASV continuously adjusts the settings to keep the patient within the target zone (red square), and guides the patient's current values (yellow cross) to the target point (green circle), for both active and passive patients. When the patient condition meets the target point, the patient is considered optimally ventilated according to ASV.

1 Horizontal axis for respiratory rate (f)
2 Vertical axis for tidal volume (Vt)
3 Minute volume curve
4 Safety frame defined by lung-protective rules
5 Target point, formed by intersection of target tidal volume and target rate
6 Current patient values, formed by intersection of measured tidal volume and current respiratory rate

Applying lung-protective rules
This lung-protection strategy ensures the patient’s safety while maintaining an operator-preset, minimum minute ventilation independent of the patient’s activity.

ASV applies a lung-protective strategy to avoid
a High tidal volumes and pressures
b Low alveolar ventilation
c Dynamic hyperinflation or breath stacking
d Apnea
Assess readiness to wean

The Vent Status panel visualizes the dependence of the patient on the ventilator and indicates whether the patient might be ready for extubation.

The six displayed parameters relate to the patient’s ventilator dependence, including oxygenation, CO2 elimination, and patient activity.

The floating indicators moving up and down within the columns show the value for the given parameters, and are updated breath by breath.

When all indicators have reached the light-blue weaning zone, a timer starts, showing how long the patient has been in the weaning zone. Spontaneous breathing trials should now be considered.

You can define the weaning zone ranges to adapt them to the weaning protocol of your institution.
More safety and comfort for your patients

Enhanced patient comfort
ASV measures the patient’s lung mechanics and activity on a breath-by-breath basis and automatically adjusts ventilation, thereby always supporting the patient at the level currently needed. ASV ensures, via an optimal breathing pattern, that the patient receives the set minute volume, independent of the patient’s activity.

Lung-protective ventilation
ASV employs lung-protective strategies to minimize complications from AutoPEEP and volutrauma/barotrauma. It also prevents apnea, tachypnea, dead space ventilation, and excessively large breaths.8

Decreased ventilation time
Within the rules of this lung-protective strategy, ASV encourages the patient to breathe spontaneously. According to several studies, ASV supports earliest possible spontaneous breathing by the patient8,10 and shortens the ventilation time in various patient populations8,10


Patients in the medical intensive care unit could be extubated earlier following the introduction of ASV.10

ASV was associated with fewer manual ventilator changes and alarms, and lower airway pressure.11
ASV in particular has proven its worth in everyday use. Our crews are highly enthusiastic about it. They say that they don’t have to worry about the ventilation and can focus on setting the patient up.

Dr. Olivier Seiler, Deputy Medical Director (till 2014)
Rega Air Ambulance, Zurich, Switzerland

Increase in efficiency

Reduction of treatment costs
It has been shown that the use of ASV can reduce ventilation time. This makes the ventilator available for the next patient much earlier. A shorter ventilation time also reduces the risk of ventilator associated pneumonia (VAP), which may result in costs of up to 57,000 USD per case.13

Efficient ventilator management
Patients’ lung mechanics change constantly during ventilation. Clinicians, however, do not always have the time to monitor and adjust settings for each patient, minute by minute and hour by hour. ASV helps by adapting to the changing conditions and needs of each patient,14 from intubation to extubation.15 This reduces the workload of clinicians and simultaneously ensures safe and comfortable ventilation for the patient.

Less time needed for training and education
ASV can reduce the time needed for standard settings and alarm management while maintaining ventilation quality14, 16 This frees up time for other aspects of patient care.

Download the ASV software simulation:
www.hamilton-medical.com/Landingpages/ASV